

Problem 5)

a) $\Gamma(1) = \int_0^\infty e^{-y} dy = -e^{-y}|_0^\infty = 1.$

b) $\Gamma(2) = \int_0^\infty ye^{-y} dy = -ye^{-y}|_0^\infty + \int_0^\infty e^{-y} dy = 0 - 0 + 1 = 1.$ ← Integration by parts

c) $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty y^{x-1} e^{-y} dy = -y^{x-1} e^{-y}|_0^\infty + \int_0^\infty (x-1)y^{x-2} e^{-y} dy$ ← Integration by parts
 $= 0 - 0 + (x-1) \int_0^\infty y^{x-2} e^{-y} dy = (x-1)\Gamma(x-1).$

d) For an integer value of x greater than or equal to 2, namely, $x = n \geq 2$, we will have

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(n) &= (n-1)\Gamma(n-1) = (n-1)(n-2)\Gamma(n-2) = \dots \\ &= (n-1)(n-2)(n-3) \dots 3 \times 2 \times 1 \times \Gamma(1) = (n-1)!\end{aligned}$$

e) $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \int_0^\infty y^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-y} dy = 2 \int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}.$

↑

Change of variable:
 $x = y^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow dx = \frac{1}{2}y^{-\frac{1}{2}} dy$

↑

HW Problem 4

f) Using the results of parts (c) and (e) above, we may write for $x = n + \frac{1}{2}$ where $n \geq 1$,

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(n + \frac{1}{2}) &= (n - \frac{1}{2})\Gamma(n - \frac{1}{2}) = (n - \frac{1}{2})(n - \frac{3}{2})\Gamma(n - \frac{3}{2}) = \dots \\ &= (n - \frac{1}{2})(n - \frac{3}{2}) \dots \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{(2n-1)!!}{2^n} \sqrt{\pi}.\end{aligned}$$